IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

COREY FREEMAN, #20011465, Petitioner, v.

DALLAS COUNTY JAIL, Respondent. No. 3:22-cv-01910-K (BT)

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATION OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Corey Freeman, a former inmate at the Dallas County Jail, filed this habeas action under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. On August 29, 2022, the Court issued a Consent Form (ECF No. 1) and Notice and Instructions to a *Pro Se* Party (ECF No. 2). On November 7, 2022, the Court entered an order extending the time for Respondent to file his response. (ECF No. 12.) Thereafter, on November 29, 2022, the November 7 order was returned to the Court as "RETURN TO SENDER, NOT IN DALLAS COUNY JAIL." (ECF No. 15.) Freeman has failed to provide the Court with a current address. Therefore, this case should be dismissed without prejudice under Rule 41(b).

Rule 41(b) allows a court to dismiss an action *sua sponte* for failure to prosecute or for failure to comply with the federal rules or any court order. *Griggs v. S.G.E. Mgmt., L.L.C.*, 905 F.3d 835, 844 (5th Cir. 2018) (citing *McCullough v. Lynaugh*, 835 F.2d 1126, 1127 (5th Cir. 1988) (per curiam)); accord *Nottingham v. Warden, Bill Clements Unit*, 837 F.3d 438, 440 (5th

Cir. 2016) (failure to comply with a court order); Rosin v. Thaler, 450 F. App'x 383, 383-84 (5th Cir. 2011) (per curiam) (failure to prosecute). "This authority [under Rule 41(b)] flows from the court's inherent power to control its docket and prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases." Boudwin v. Graystone Ins. Co., Ltd., 756 F.2d 399, 401 (5th Cir. 1985) (citing Link v. Wabash, R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626 (1962)).

Here, this litigation cannot proceed because Freeman has failed to keep the Court apprised of his current address. This case was opened on August 29, 2022, and that same day, the Court mailed Freeman Instructions, which advised him: "You must notify the Court if your address changes, or your case may be dismissed." (ECF No. 2 at 1.) Freeman has failed to provide the Court with a current address. Without an address, the Court is unable to communicate with Freeman about his case.

By failing to provide the Court with a current address, Freeman has failed to comply with a court order and failed to prosecute his lawsuit. Dismissal without prejudice is warranted under these circumstances. The Court should dismiss Freeman's case without prejudice under Rule 41(b).

SO RECOMMENDED.

Signed December 2, 2022.

REBECCA RUTHERFORD

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of this report and recommendation shall be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of this report and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); FED. R. CIV. P. 72(b). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's report and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. *See Douglass v. United Services Automobile Ass'n*, 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).